

KIDS COUNT data center

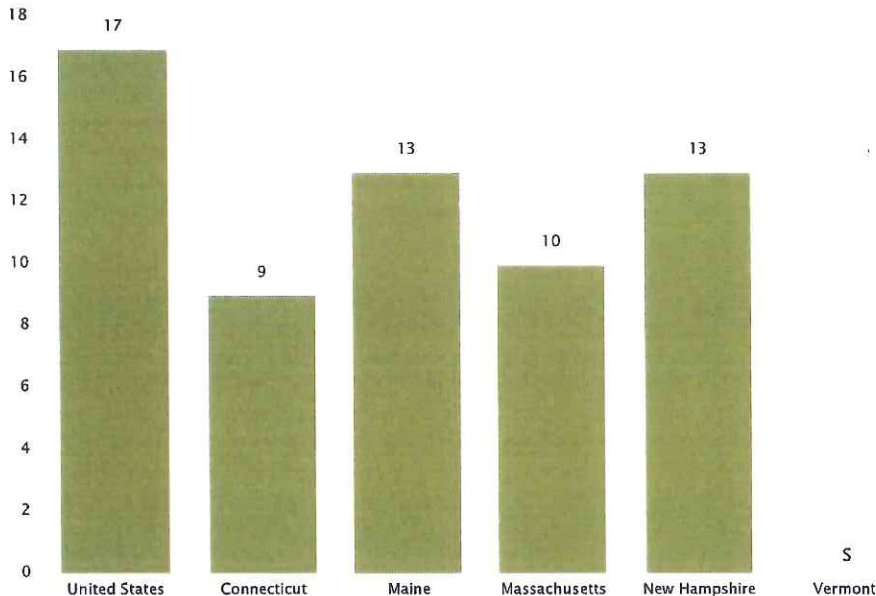
A PROJECT OF THE ANNIE E. CASEY FOUNDATION

CHILD DEATHS

change indicator

Child Deaths

Year(s): 2010 | Data Type: Rate per 100,000

Data Provided by: [National KIDS COUNT](#)[TABLE VIEW](#)[EXPAND](#)

DEFINITIONS & SOURCES

[COLLAPSE](#)

Definitions: Deaths to children between ages 1 and 14, from all causes, per 100,000 children in this age range.

The data are reported by the place of residence, not the place where the death occurred. Rates are not available for cities. Because population estimates for cities by gender and age are not available, it is not possible to calculate rates and therefore data for cities are limited to just the number of child deaths.

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics.

2003-2010 data: Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, Multiple Causes of Death Public Use Files for 2003-2010 CD-Rom.

2000-2002 data: Final Data for 2000-2002, National Vital Statistics Reports.

1999 data: Deaths From 358 Selected Causes, by 5-Year Age Groups, Race and Sex: U.S. and Each State.

1997-1998 data: Deaths From 282 Selected Causes, by 5-Year Age Groups, Race and Sex: U.S. and Each State.

1996 data: Special tabulations accessed online through CDC WONDER.

1990-1995 data: Special tabulations by CDC, NCHS, Division of Vital Statistics.

Population Statistics: U.S. Census Bureau

2001-2010 data: State Characteristics Population Estimates File, accessed online.

2000 data: Census 2000 Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data, Table P14. 1996-1999 data: Intercensal State and County Characteristics Population Estimates File, accessed online.

1990-1995 data: Population Division. 2001-2002 data: State Characteristics Population Estimates File, accessed online.

2000 data: Census 2000 Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data, Table P14.

Footnotes: Updated February 2013.

S - NCHS reporting standards not met.

N.A. - Data not available.

Data are provided for the 50 most populous cities according to the most recent Census counts. Cities for which data is collected may change over time.



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CHILD AND TEEN DEATH RATE

change indicator

Child And Teen Death Rate

Year(s): 2010 | Data Type: Rate

Data Provided by: National KIDS COUNT

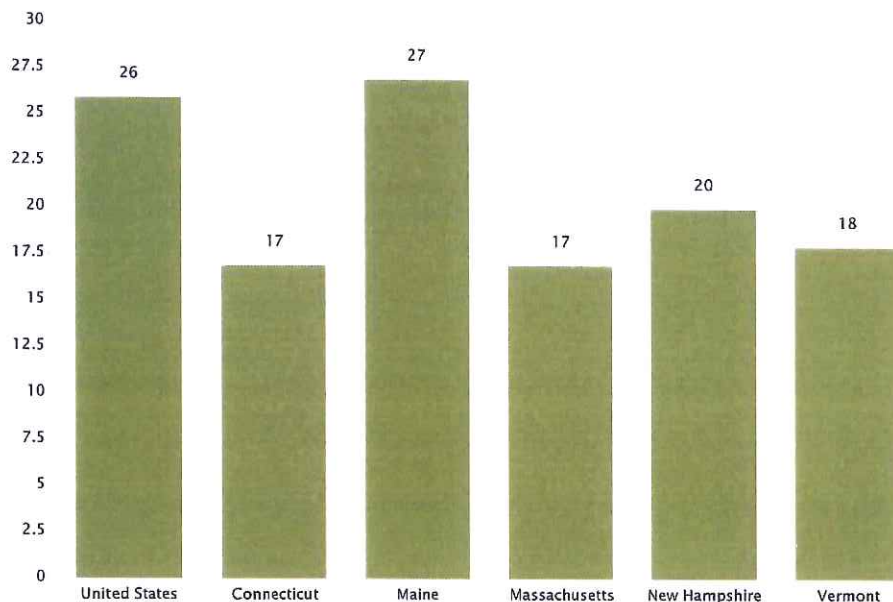


TABLE VIEW

EXPAND

INDICATOR CONTEXT

COLLAPSE

The child and teen death rate reflects a broad array of factors: physical and mental health; access to health care; community factors; use of safety practices and the level of adult supervision. Accidents, primarily those involving motor vehicles, are the leading cause of death for children and youth.

This indicator is included in the KIDS COUNT Child Well-Being Index. Read the *KIDS COUNT Data Book* to learn more: <http://datacenter.kidscount.org/publications>.

DEFINITIONS & SOURCES

COLLAPSE

Definitions: Deaths to children between ages 1 and 19, from all causes, per 100,000 children in this age range. The data are reported by the place of residence, not the place where the death occurred.

Data Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, Multiple Causes of Death Public Use Files for 2005-2010 CD-Rom.

Population Statistics: U.S. Census Bureau
2001-2010 data: State Characteristics Population Estimates File, accessed online.

Footnotes: Updated February 2013.
S - NCHS reporting standards not met.
N.A. - Data not available.



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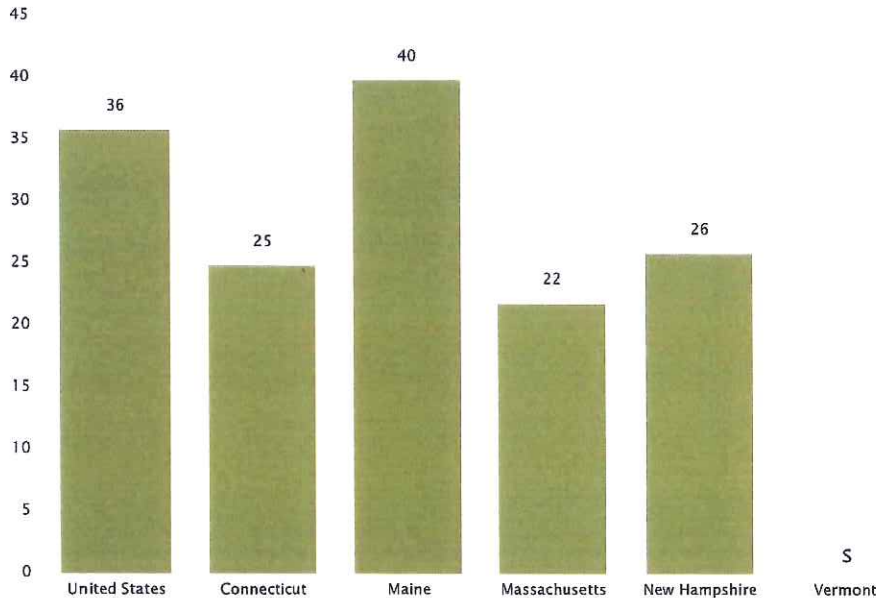
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TEEN DEATHS BY ACCIDENT, HOMICIDE, AND SUICIDE

change indicator

Teen Deaths By Accident, Homicide, And Suicide

Year(s): 2010 | Data Type: Rate per 100,000

Data Provided by: [National KIDS COUNT](#)[TABLE VIEW](#)[EXPAND](#)[DEFINITIONS & SOURCES](#)[COLLAPSE](#)

Definitions: Deaths from accidents, homicides, and suicides to teens between age 15 and 19 per 100,000 teens in this age group.

The data are reported by the place of residence, not the place where the death occurred. Because population estimates for cities by gender and age are not available, it is not possible to calculate rates and therefore data for cities are limited to just the number of teen deaths. Beginning with data for 1999, causes of death have been reclassified to be consistent with the Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10) that had been used for 1979 through 1998 data. To facilitate better comparability over time, accident, homicide, and suicide data for 1990 through 1998 were re-tabulated using the new ICD-10 codes. The effect the new classification had on this measure is to remove deaths due to "adverse effects" (such as bad reactions to medication) from the "accident" category and to remove deaths as a result of legal intervention (such as executions) from the "homicide" category.

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (NCIPC).
 1999-2010 data: CDC. Web-based Injury Statistics Query and Reporting System (WISQARS) accessed online at http://webappa.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10_sy.html

Population Statistics: U.S. Census Bureau.
 2001-2010 data: State Characteristics Population Estimates File, accessed online.
 2000 data: Census 2000 Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data, Table P14.
 1996-1999 data: Intercensal State and County Characteristics Population Estimates File, accessed online.
 1990 through 1995 data: Data from Population Division.

Footnotes: Updated February 2013.

S - NCHS reporting standards not met.

N.A. - Data not available.

Data are provided for the 50 most populous cities according to the most recent Census counts. Cities for which data is collected may change over time.



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